NAME :

Math 8<br>February 23, 2010<br>Midterm 2

Instructions: This is a closed book exam and no notes are allowed. You are not to provide or receive help from any outside source during the exam except that you may ask the instructor for clarification of a problem. You have two hours and you should attempt all problems.

- Print your name in the space provided and circle your instructor's name.
- Sign the FERPA release on the next page only if you wish your exam returned in lecture.
- Calculators or other computing devices are not allowed.
- Use the blank page at the end of the exam for scratch work.
- You must show all work and give a reason (or reasons) for your answer. A CORRECT ANSWER WITH INCORRECT WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED WRONG.

FERPA RELEASE: Because of privacy concerns, we are not allowed to return your graded exams in lecture without your permission. If you wish us to return your exam in lecture, please sign on the line indicated below. Otherwise, you will have to pick your exam up in your instructor's office after the exams have been returned in lecture.

SIGN HERE: $\qquad$

| Problem | Points | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15 |  |
| 2 | 15 |  |
| 3 | 15 |  |
| 4 | 15 |  |
| 5 | 15 |  |
| 6 | 15 |  |
| 7 | 5 |  |
| 8 | 5 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

1. (15) Evaluate $\int e^{5 x+7} \sin x d x$.
2. (15) Find an equation of the plane which contains the two lines

$$
\langle 1+t, 4-5 t, 3 t\rangle
$$

and

$$
\langle 2-t,-1,3+t\rangle .
$$

3. (15) Evaluate $\int \sec ^{3} x \tan ^{5} x d x$.
4. (15) Find an equation for the line in which the two planes

$$
x+2 y+z=5
$$

and

$$
2 x+y-z=7
$$

intersect.
5. (15) Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{\left(1+x^{2}\right)^{2}} d x$.
6. (15) Compute the distance from the point $(3,4,5)$ to the plane given by

$$
2 x+3 y-z=10 .
$$

7. (5) Suppose that you are facing an analog clock that is showing the time 6:40. If $\mathbf{h}$ denotes the vector given by the hour hand and $\mathbf{m}$ denotes the vector given by the minute hand, does the vector $\mathbf{h} \times \mathbf{m}$ point toward you or away from you? Why?
8. (5) Find a vector perpendicular to $\langle 1,4,-2\rangle$. (On this problem only, you need not show work.)

## Formulas of possible use

$$
\begin{aligned}
\sin 2 x & =2 \sin x \cos x \\
\cos 2 x & =\cos ^{2} x-\sin ^{2} x \\
\sin ^{2} x & =\frac{1-\cos 2 x}{2} \\
\cos ^{2} x & =\frac{1+\cos 2 x}{2} \\
\sin (x+y) & =\sin x \cos y+\cos x \sin y \\
\cos (x+y) & =\cos x \cos y-\sin x \sin y
\end{aligned}
$$

