

Math 31: Abstract Algebra
Fall 2018 - Quiz 3

Date: 11/13/18

Test your knowledge

True false questions (*2 points each*)

1. If A is a ring and $I \triangleleft A$ and $J \triangleleft A$ are ideals then $I \cap J$ is an ideal. True False
2. If A is a ring with n elements and $B \leq A$ a subring. Then $\#B$ divides n . True False
3. In $\mathbb{Z}_5 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ the set $B = \{(2n, 2n), n \in \mathbb{Z}_5\}$ is a subring. True False
4. In $\mathbb{Z}_5 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ the set $B = \{(2n, 2n), n \in \mathbb{Z}_5\}$ is an ideal. True False
5. If $(A, +, \cdot)$ is a commutative ring. Then the cyclic subgroup $\langle x \rangle$ of $(A, +)$ is equal to the principal ideal $Ax = (x)$ generated by x . True False
6. If $(A, +, \cdot)$ is a commutative ring and $b \in A$ a divisor of zero. Then $n \bullet b$ is either zero or a divisor of zero. True False
7. Let $\alpha : (\mathcal{F}(\mathbb{R}), +, \cdot) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}, +, \cdot)$ be the map defined by $\alpha(f) := f(3) - f(0)$. Then α is a ring homomorphism. True False
8. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$ be a ring homomorphism. Then f is injective if and only if $\ker(f) = \{0\}$.
 True False
9. If n is not a prime then $(\mathbb{Z}_n, +_n, \cdot_n)$ is not an integral domain. True False
10. If $(A, +, \cdot)$ is an integral domain with $\text{char}(A) = p$, where p prime. Then A has p elements.
 True False