# Math 22: Linear Algebra with applications Fall 2019 - Quiz 1 

## True false questions (2 points each)

1. If a multiple of one row of $A$ is added to another row to produce a matrix $B$ then $\operatorname{det}(A)=\operatorname{det}(B)$.False
2. If two columns of $A$ are interchanged to produce a matrix $B$ then $\operatorname{det}(A)=\operatorname{det}(B)$.True
False
3. If $A$ is a $3 \times 3$ matrix then $\operatorname{det}(k \cdot A)=k^{3} \operatorname{det}(A)$.TrueFalse
4. If $V$ is a vector space and $H$ and $K$ are subspaces, then $H+3 \cdot K$ is a subspace.TrueFalse
5. If $A$ is an $m \times n$ matrix then the null space $\operatorname{Nul}(A)$ of $A$ is $\mathbb{R}^{n}$.TrueFalse
6. If $A$ is an invertible $5 \times 5$ matrix then $\operatorname{dim} \operatorname{Col}(A)=5$.True
False
7. If $p_{1}(t)=1, p_{2}(t)=2 t$ and $p_{3}(t)=3-t$, then
$\left\{p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3}\right\}$ are linearly independent in $\mathbb{P}_{3}$.
$\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False
8. If a set $\left\{v_{1}, v_{2}, \ldots, v_{p}\right\}$ of vectors spans the vector space $V$ and if $S$ is a set of more than $p$ vectors in $V$, then $S$ is a linearly dependent set.
$\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False
9. If $T: \mathbb{R}^{5} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3}$ is a linear transformation, then $\operatorname{dim}\left(T\left(\mathbb{R}^{5}\right)\right) \leq 2$.
$\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False

## Long answer question

1.) (6 points) Let

$$
P=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 2 \\
1 & 0
\end{array}\right] \quad \text { and } \mathbf{v}_{1}=\left[\begin{array}{c}
-1 \\
0
\end{array}\right], \quad \mathbf{v}_{2}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
3 \\
2
\end{array}\right] .
$$

a) Find a basis $U=\left\{\mathbf{u}_{1}, \mathbf{u}_{2}\right\}$ for $\mathbb{R}^{2}$, such that $P=\underset{V \leftarrow U}{P}$ is the change-of-coordinates matrix from $U$ to $V$.
b) Find a basis $W=\left\{\mathbf{w}_{1}, \mathbf{w}_{2}\right\}$, such that $P=\underset{W \leftarrow V}{P}$ is the change-of-coordinates matrix from $V$ to $W$.

