

HW02 Solutions

#1

5 points total

(a) (1 point) $x_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -3 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

3 points for justification

(b)
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & -5 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & -7 & 9 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 - R_1 \\ \rightarrow R_2}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & -7 & 9 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\substack{R_3 + 3R_1 \\ \rightarrow R_3}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -6 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_3 - 2R_2 \\ \rightarrow R_3}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

↑
no pivot.

Since there is no pivot position in the third column, there is a free variable (x_3).

Because there is a free variable, the system has a nontrivial solution. } 1 point for answer.

#2

5 points total

(a) T

(d) T

(b) T

(e) F

(c) F

#3

(b)

5 points total

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -6 & 8 & 0 \\ -4 & 7 & h & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\rightarrow R_1]{R_2+2R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -6 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & h+16 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \\
 +1 & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2} R_2 \rightarrow R_2 \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \right. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & h+16 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\rightarrow R_1]{R_3-R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & h+16 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

+1 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_1 \vec{u} + x_2 \vec{v} + x_3 \vec{w} = \vec{0} \\ \text{has infinitely many solutions.} \end{array} \right.$

← infinitely many solutions ←

↑ no pivot in this column

+1 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{So they are ~~not~~ independent for all values of } h. \end{array} \right.$

$$(a) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -6 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 7 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{same steps as above}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

pivot positions in both columns.

So we have a unique solution — the trivial solution.

+1 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{So } \vec{u} \text{ and } \vec{v} \text{ are linearly independent.} \end{array} \right.$