# Math 1 Lecture 16 

Dartmouth College

Monday 10-17-16

## Contents

Reminders/Announcements

The Derivative of $f$ at $a$

## Reminders/Announcements

- WebWork due Wednesday
- Written Homework due Wednesday
- Exam\#2 is Thursday 10/20/16 and will cover material from Trigonometry up to and NOT including derivatives
- Exam review during x-hour 10/20/16
- Exam Review Slides:
https://math.dartmouth.edu/~m1f16/MATH1Docs/ Musty-x-hour-Slides-10-13-Thur.pdf
- Because of the exam there will be no WebWork due Friday 10/21/16


## The Derivative of $f$ at a

Let $a$ be in the domain of $f$. We define the derivative of $f$ at $a$ by

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f^{\prime}(a)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}
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whenever this limit is defined. Why would we do such a thing? Well, recall what we know about rates of change...



What happens to $\frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$ as $h \rightarrow 0$ ?

Let $f(x)=x^{2}$. Please find $f^{\prime}(3)$.

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Solution:
$f^{\prime}(3)=6$.

Let $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$. Please find $f^{\prime}(5)$.

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Solution:

$$
f^{\prime}(5)=\sqrt{5} / 10
$$

Let $f(x)=1 / x$. Please find $f^{\prime}(-2)$.

Let $f(x)=1 / x$. Please find $f^{\prime}(-2)$. Solution:

$$
f^{\prime}(-2)=-1 / 4
$$

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## Solution:

$s^{\prime}(1)=6.28$.

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Solution: When $t=500 / 93=5.37634408602151$ seconds.

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Solution: $s^{\prime}(a)=10-3.72 \cdot a$.

When will the rock hit the surface?
Solution: When $t=500 / 93=5.37634408602151$ seconds.

With what velocity will the rock hit the surface?
Solution:
$s^{\prime}(500 / 93)=-10$.

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$v(8)=s^{\prime}(8)=2$.

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$v(8)=s^{\prime}(8)=2$.
What is the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $s$ at the point $(8, s(8))$ ?

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Find the instantaneous velocity of the particle when $t=8$.
Solution:
$v(8)=s^{\prime}(8)=2$.
What is the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $s$ at the point ( $8, s(8)$ )?
Solution:
$y-7=2(x-8) \Longrightarrow y=2 x-9$.

Suppose the function $f(x)$ has a tangent line at the point $(4,3)$ (i.e. $f(4)=3$ ) passes through the point $(0,2)$. Find $f^{\prime}(4)$.

Suppose the function $f(x)$ has a tangent line at the point $(4,3)$ (i.e. $f(4)=3$ ) passes through the point $(0,2)$. Find $f^{\prime}(4)$. Solution: $f^{\prime}(4)=1 / 4$.

Write the following limit as $f^{\prime}(a)$ for some $f$ and some $a$.

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\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9+h}-3}{h}
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$$
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## Solution:

$$
\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9+h}-3}{h}=f^{\prime}(a)
$$

for $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$ and $a=9$.

