## Math 13: Written Homework #7. Due Wednesday, November 7.

1. (§16.4, #22) Let D be the region bound by a simple positively oriented closed path C in the xy-plane. Use Green's Theorem to prove that the coordinates  $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$  of the center of mass of D (assuming D is a lamina of constant density) are given by

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{2A} \int_C x^2 dy$$
 and  $\bar{y} = -\frac{1}{2A} \int_C y^2 dx$ ,

where A is the area of D.

2. (§16.5, #20) Is there a smooth vector field **G** on  $\mathbf{R}^3$  such that  $\nabla \times \mathbf{G} = \langle xyz, -y^2z, yz^2 \rangle$ ? Justify your assertions.

3. Suppose that D is a subset of  $\mathbf{R}^3$  and that f is a scalar valued function on D while  $\mathbf{F}$  is a vector field on D. Assuming both f and the components of  $\mathbf{F}$  have continuous partial derivatives, show that

$$\operatorname{div}(f\mathbf{F}) = f\operatorname{div}(\mathbf{F}) + \mathbf{F} \cdot \nabla f.$$

4. (§16.6, #24) Find a parametric representation for the surface which is the part of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$  which lies between the planes z = -2 and z = 2.

5. (§16.6, #26) Find a parametric representation of the part of the plane z = x + 3 which lies inside the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

6. (§16.6, #36) Let  $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = \langle \sin u, \cos u \sin v, \sin v \rangle$ . Find an equation for the tangent plane to the surface parameterized by  $\mathbf{r}$  when  $u = \pi/6$  and  $v = \pi/6$ .