(1)	Find the center of mass of the shape located inside of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ that
. ,	is bounded from below by the plane $z=-1$ and from above by the plane $z=2$. The
	density is $\rho(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2$.

- (2) Let $\mathbf{x}(t) = (3\cos t, 3\sin t, 3), \ 0 \le t \le \pi$, be a path in \mathbb{R}^2 . Let $f(x,y) = 2x^2 + 2y^2$ be a function and let $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = 2x\mathbf{i} + 2y\mathbf{j} + 2z\mathbf{k}$ be a vector field on \mathbb{R}^3 .

 a: Find $\int_{\mathbf{x}} f ds$.
 b: Find $\int_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{ds}$.
- (3) Find the work done by the force field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = xz\mathbf{i} + e^{\cos z}\mathbf{j} 3z\mathbf{k}$ on the particle that moved along the path $c(t) = (t^2, 117, t^3)$ for $0 \le t \le 1$.
- (4) Is the following vector field $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = 3x^2 \cos y\mathbf{i} + (z^2 x^3 \sin y)\mathbf{j} + 2yz\mathbf{k}$ a conservative vector field? If yes, then use the line integral to find the potential function.
- (5) Let D be the part of the disk $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ located above the x-axis with a positively oriented boundary ∂D . Calculate $\oint_{\partial D} (y^2 + 3x^3) dy + (-3y^3 + \sin x) dx$. Hint: Be careful, look at the integral twice.
- (6) Let $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = (7x + \sin y)\mathbf{i} + (e^x 6y)\mathbf{j}$ be a vector field, and let \mathbf{n} be the outward unit normal to the positively oriented circle $C = \{(x,y)|x^2 + y^2 = 9\}$. Calculate the flux integral $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} ds$.
- (7) Consider the double integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y}} e^{3x-x^3} dx dy$.
 - (a) Sketch the region of integration.
 - (b) Evaluate the integral.
- (8) Let B be the portion of the solid ball $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le a^2$ in the first octant as shown. (a) Set up, but do not evaluate, three triple integrals for $\iiint_B z \, dV$. Use cartesian coordinates in one integral, cylindrical coordinates in another, and spherical
 - coordinates in the third.
 (b) Evaluate one of the three integrals in part (a).
- (9) Let D be the region in the xy-plane bounded by the lines y=-2x+4, y=-2x+7, y=x-2 and y=x+1. Evaluate $\iint_D (x-y)\sqrt{2x+y}\ dx\ dy$ by changing variables.
- (10) (no work required) Set up, but do not evaluate, the integrals for the volume of the solid bounded by z = 1, y = 0, and $z = x^2 + y$ using the two orders of integration indicated below.

$$\int \int \int \int dx \, dy \, dz \qquad \qquad \int \int \int dz \, dy \, dx$$

(11) Find the centroid of the quarter of disk of radius a located in the first quadrant (i.e. above the x-axis and to the right from the y-axis).